

Japan's Perspective on the Hydrogen Economy

July 2023

Eiji Ohira

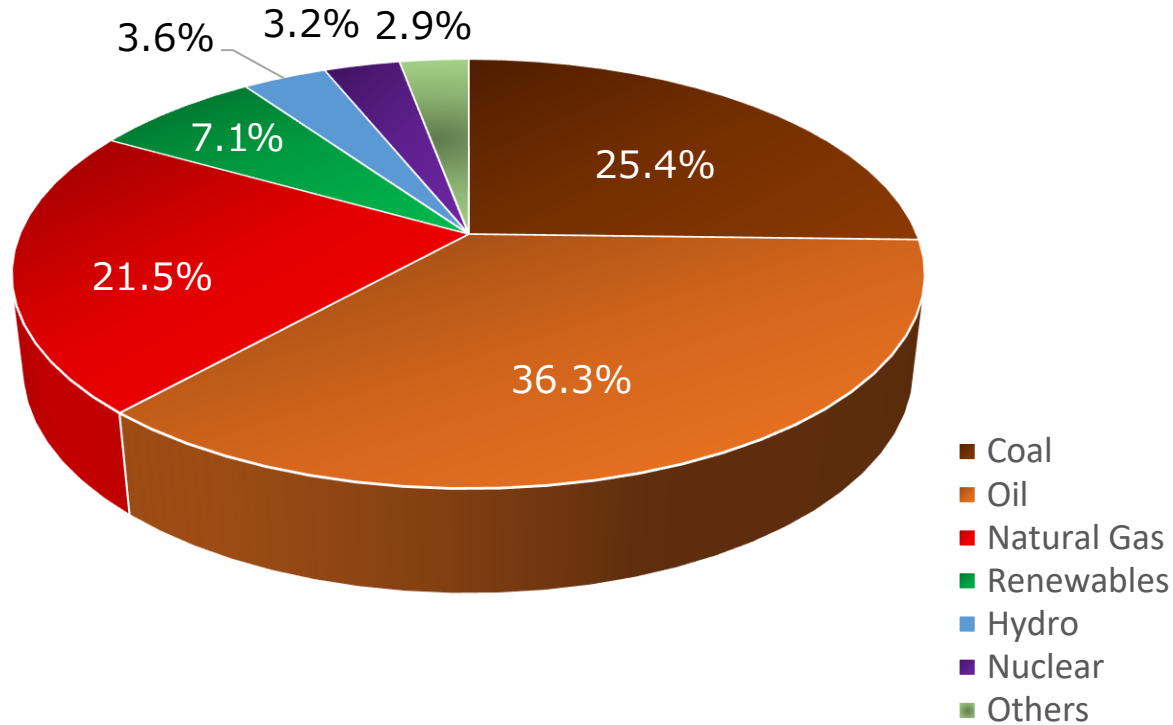
New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization (NEDO)



Japan's Outlook

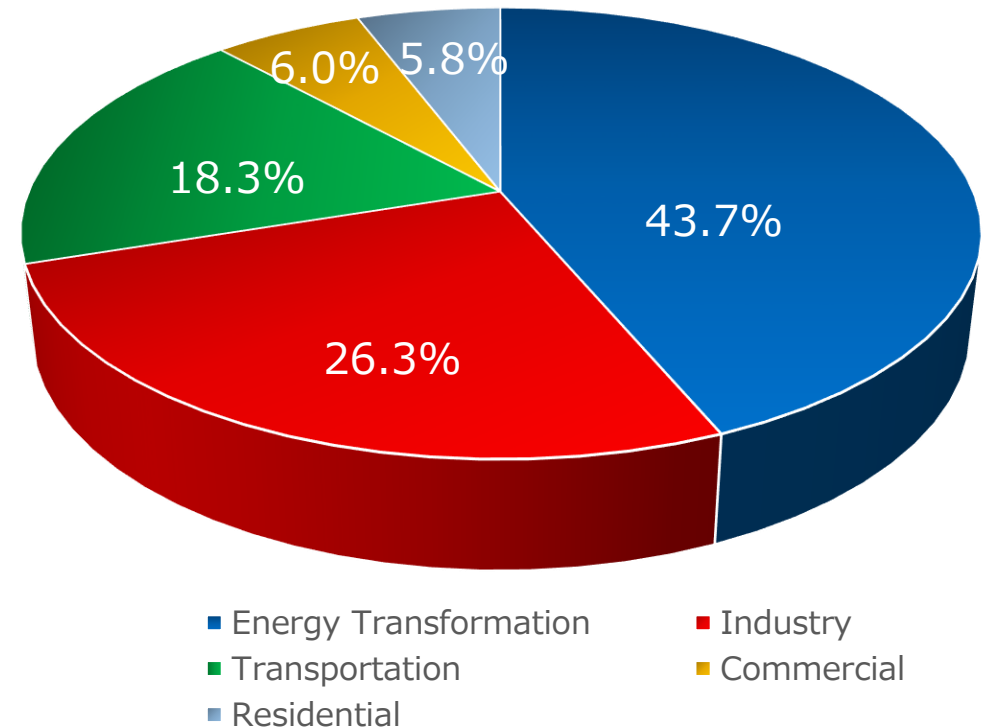


Primary Energy Supply in 2021 (18,575 PJ)



General Energy Statistics (Agency for Natural Resources and Energy, METI)

Energy related CO₂ Emission in 2020 (976 million tons)



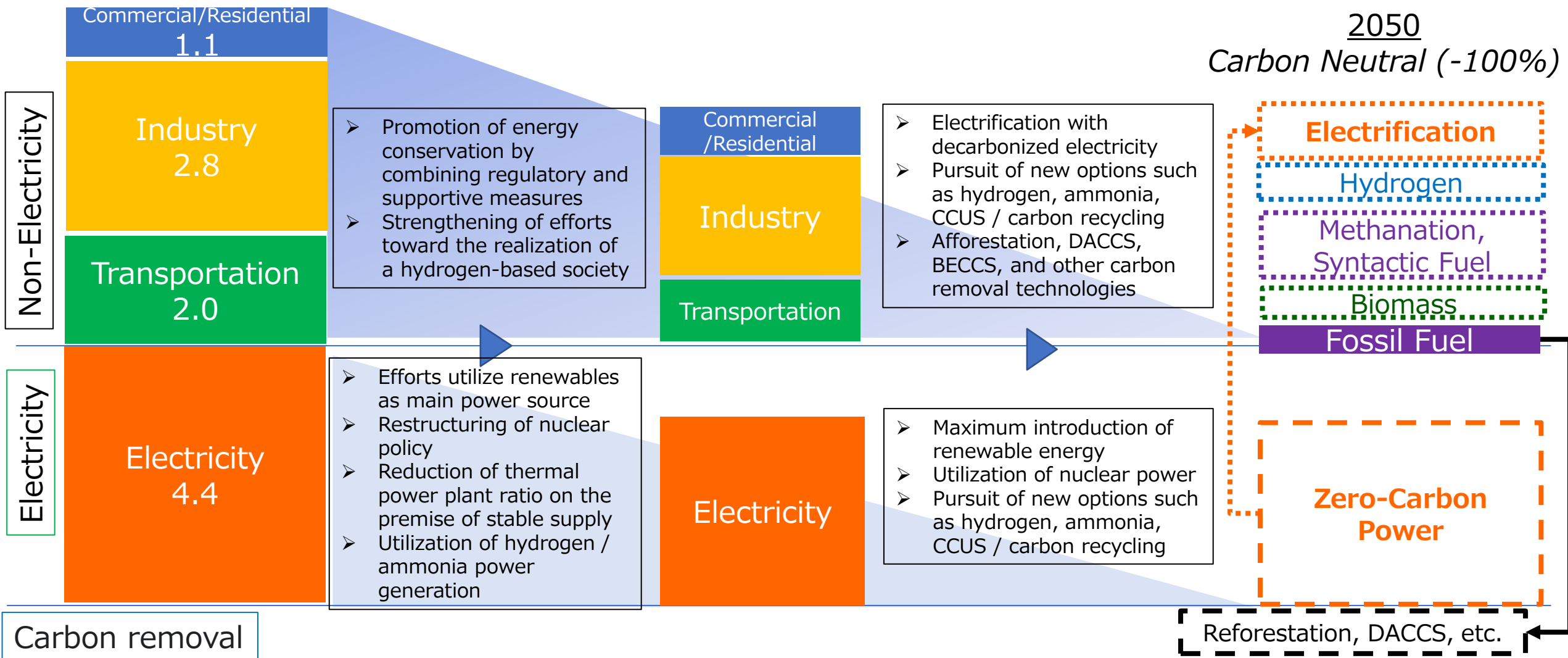
Japan's National Greenhouse Gas Emissions in Fiscal Year 2020(MOE)

Towards 2050 Carbon Neutrality

2019: 1,029Mt-CO₂

2030: ▲46%(GHG total)

2050
Carbon Neutral (-100%)

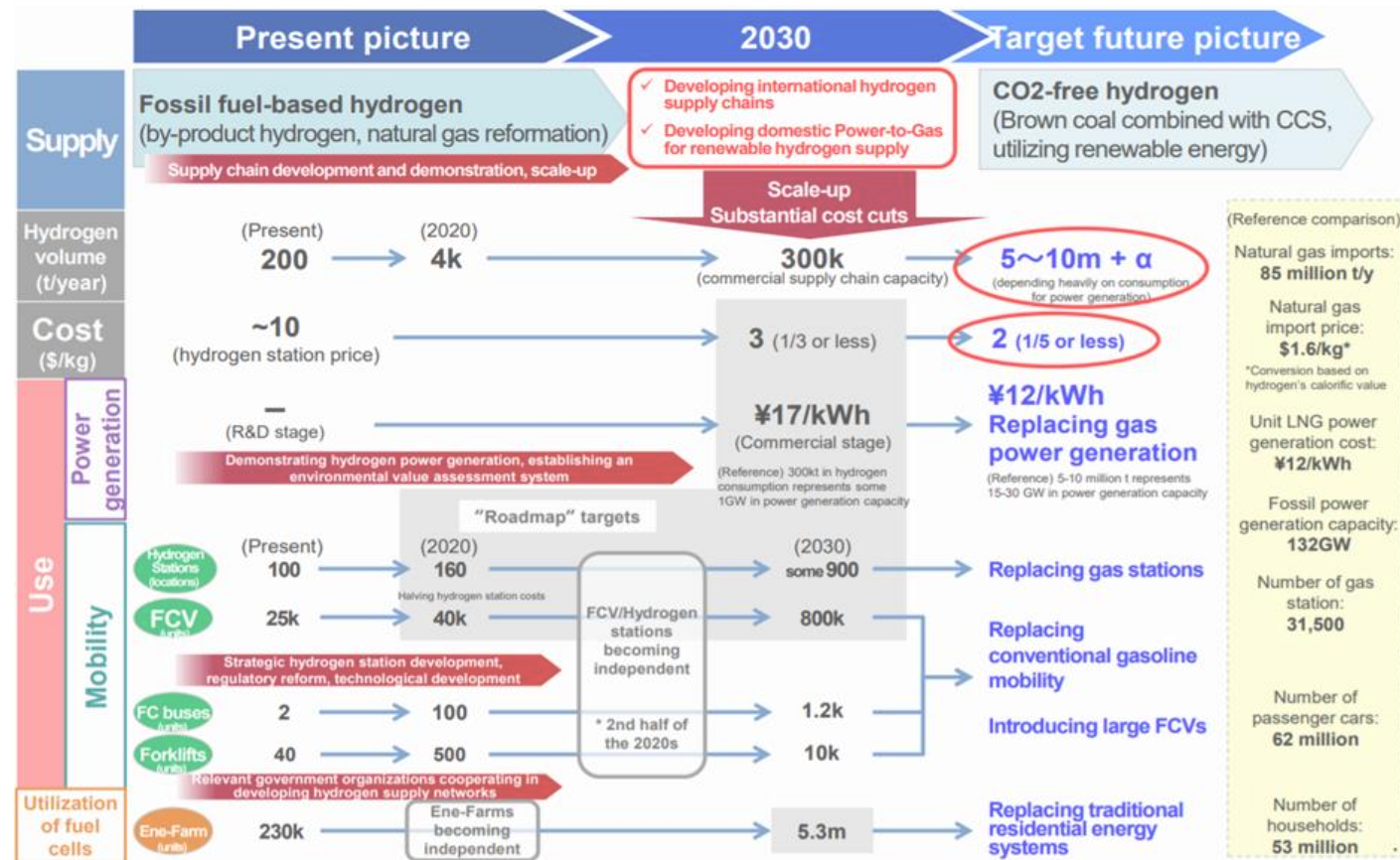


Source: Green Growth Strategy (METI)

Japan's policy on Hydrogen

- **“Basic Hydrogen Strategy”** (former Prime Minister Abe’s Initiative)

- ✓ World’s first national strategy launched in Dec. 2017
- ✓ **2050 Vision: position H₂ as a new energy option** (following Renewables)
- ✓ **Target: make H₂ affordable** (\$3/kg by 2030 ⇒ \$2/kg by 2050)



- Revision of Basic Hydrogen Strategy (6 June 2023)
 - ✓ Setting new targets
 - H₂ introduction: 12million tons (2040)/ Electrolysis: 15GW(2030, worldwide)
 - ✓ Promoting transition to “low-carbon hydrogen”
 - Definition of low-carbon hydrogen: below 3.4kg-CO₂e/kg-H₂
 - ✓ Strengthening industrial competitiveness
 - JPY 15 trillion Public-Private investment for H₂ supply chain next 15 years (incl. contracts for difference (CfD)-style subsidy scheme)
 - Prioritizing nine strategic areas (Electrolysis, Hydrogen Supply Chain, Fuel Cells, Power Generation, etc.)

Direction: How to promote Hydrogen

Goals

Cost (\$/kg): \$3/kg by 2030 & less than \$2/kg by 2050

	Short Term (- 2025) Approx. 2 million tons	Mid Term (- 2030) Max. 3 million tons	Long Term (- 2050) 20 million tons
Supply	Existing source (ex. By products)	Maximize utilization as major source	Decarbonization of hydrogen production (with CCUS)
	Import	Accumulation of knowledge and cost reduction through demonstration project	Development of large-scale international hydrogen supply chain
	New domestic source	Accumulation of knowledge and cost reduction through demonstration project	Start up hydrogen production by electrolysis using excess energy from renewables
Demand	Transportation	Expansion to FC trucks in addition to FCVs and FC buses	Launch of ships (FC ships, etc.) to the market
	Power generation	Using of stationary fuel cell and small gas turbine for distributed energy	Commercialization of large-scale hydrogen power generation turbine
	Industry (raw material)	Conducting technology demonstration project (refinery, steel process, chemical process, etc.)	Realizing hydrogen steel process, green chemical, etc.
	Thermal (Industry, business, household)	Substitute fossil fuels through installation of fuel cell and decarbonization of supply infrastructure using electrolysis and existing gas pipes	Expanding supply through infrastructure development and hydrogen cost reduction

Source: METI

Current status

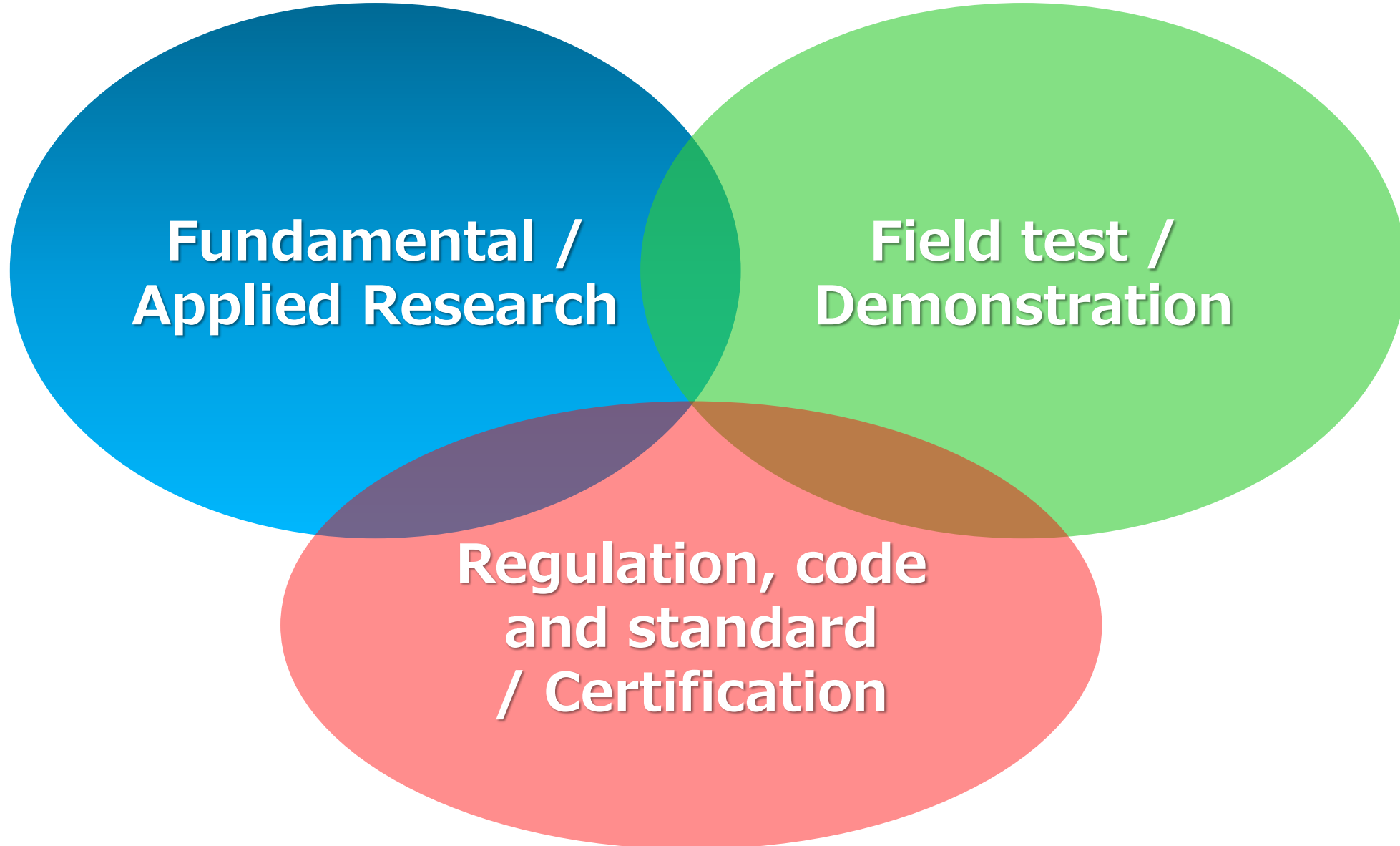
Items	Japan's Target (in 2030)	Current status (as of Feb. 2023)
Stationary Fuel Cell		
Residential Fuel Cell (EneFarm)	3 million	480,373 (Mar. 2023)
Mobility		
Passenger Vehicles	800,000	7,692
Fuel Cell Buses	1,200	132
Forklift	N/A	397
Hydrogen Refueling Station		
Public Stations	1,000	167 (Mar. 2023)





NEDO's R&DD on Hydrogen





Step by Step approach



Hydrogen in Energy System
Step 3: Widely use of H₂

FCV & HRS

*Step 2: Direct use of H₂ as energy source
(Marketization in 2014)*

**Residential
Fuel Cell**

*Step 1: Bring Fuel Cell Application into the Market
(Marketization in 2009)*



出典) 岩谷産業

Current Topic: Various Fuel Cell Application development



Current Topic: Refueling test facility for HDV

Developing new refueling protocol
80 kg-H₂ / 10 min

Ref. Passenger Vehicle: 5 kg-H₂ / 3 min



JARI/HySUT

Current Topic: Hydrogen Technical Center

Demonstration at “Real Environment

- Testing a new equipment
- Refueling protocol
- Metering etc.

Total System Analysis for cost reduction
Education & Training



Current Topic: Hydrogen Gas Turbine

1MW Hydrogen/Natural Gas dual fuel gas turbine system developed by KHI

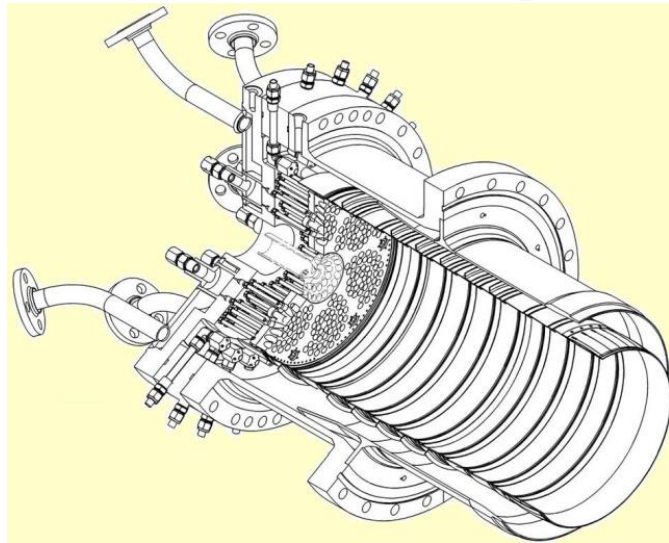


■ Capacity
 Electricity: 1,100kW
 Thermal: 2,800kW

H ₂ Gas	2215 m ³ N/h	Fuel Mode	Transmitted Power	1516 kW
Natural Gas	0 m ³ N/h	H ₂ Gas Only	Received Power	0 kW
H ₂ Blend Ratio	100.00 %	Blend Gas	Steam Flow	1.07 t/h
		Natural Gas Only	NO _x Emissions	50.0 ppm

Current Topic: Hydrogen Gas Turbine

Hydrogen Combustor for hundred MW class Gas Turbine developed by MHI



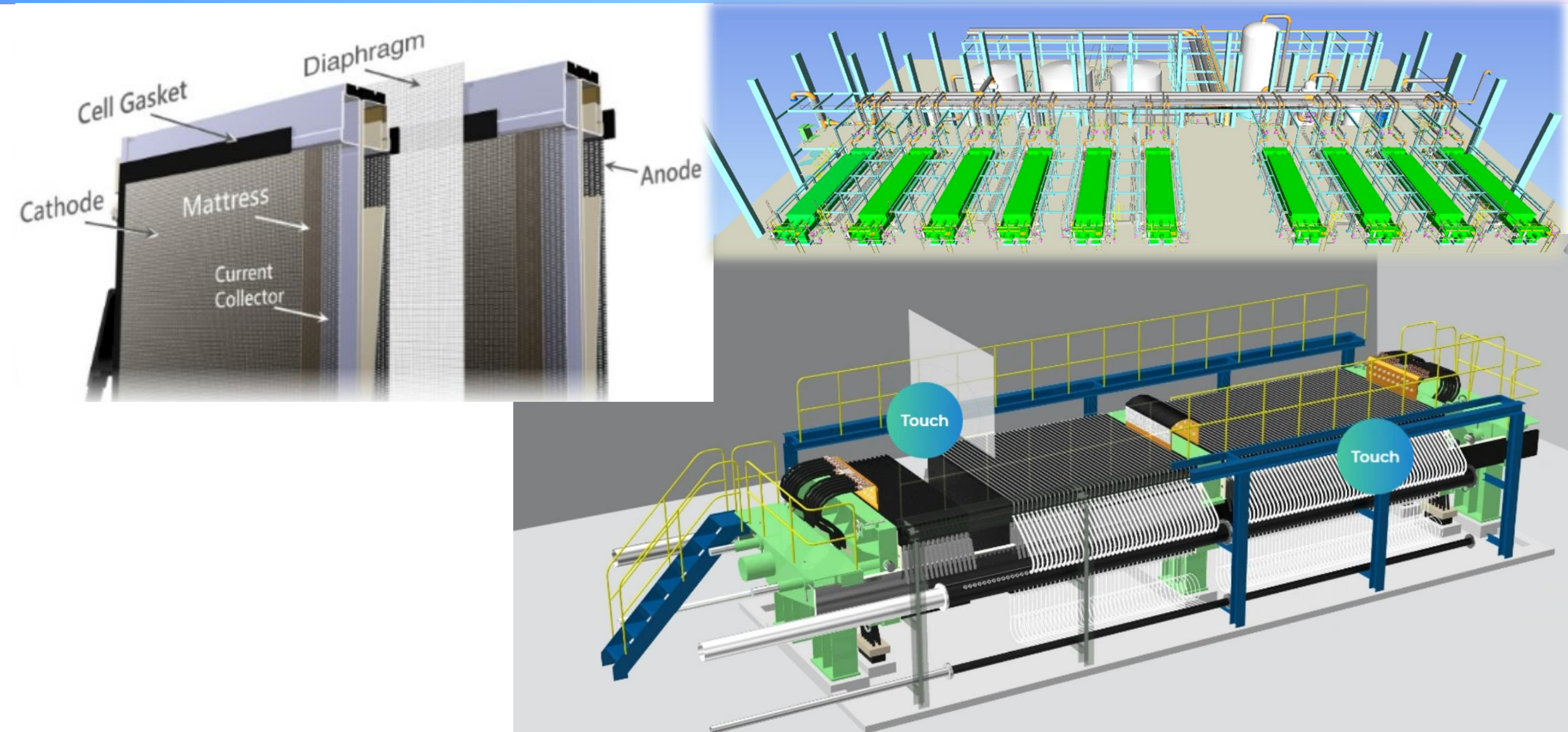
Current Topic: Liquefied Hydrogen



Current Topic: MW scale Electrolysis



Current Topic: MW scale Electrolysis



Current topic: Hydrogen@Port

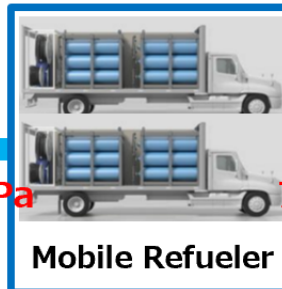
Production

Transportation

Utilization

@Merced

@San Pedro (LA·LB Port)

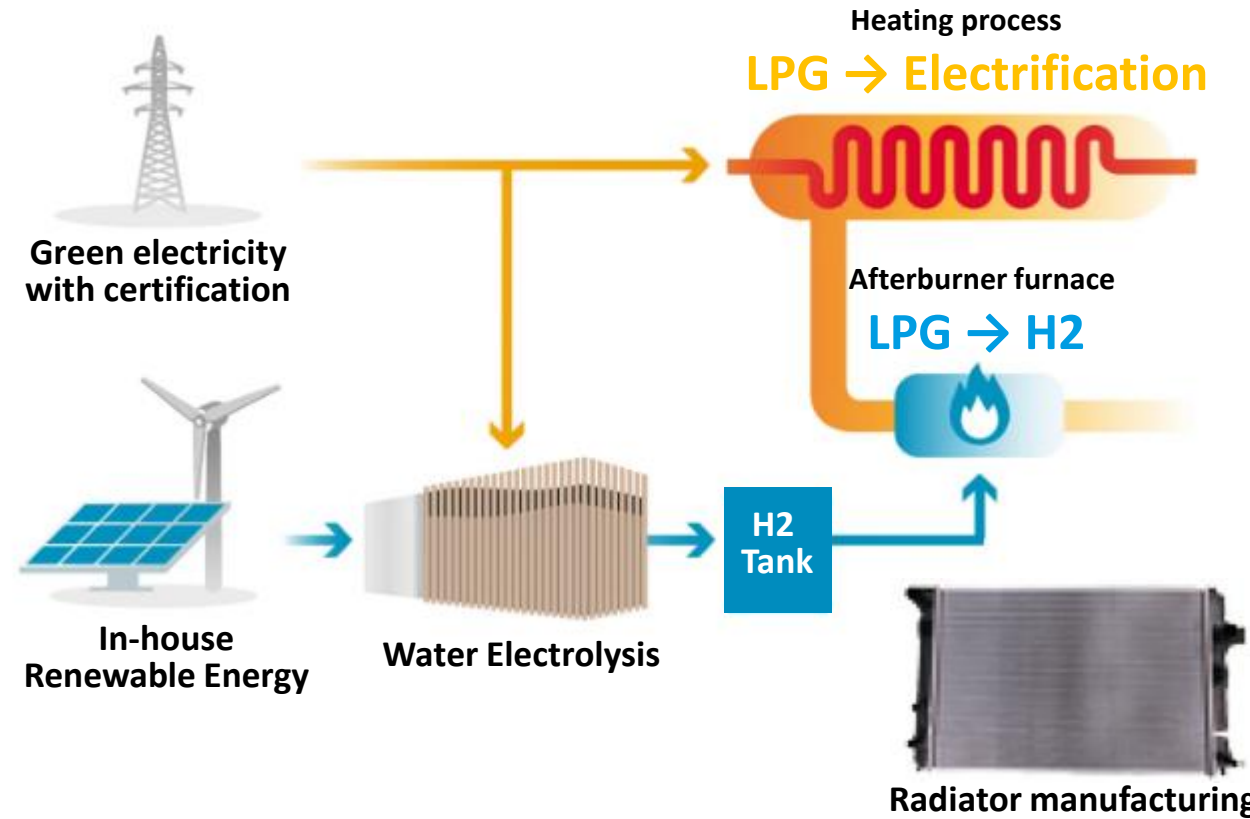


93MPa

70MPa



Current topic: Industry decarbonization



at DENSO Fukushima factory

<https://www.denso.com/global/en/news/newsroom/2023/20230309-g01/>

<https://global.toyota/en/newsroom/corporate/38917359.html>

https://www.denso.com/jp/ja/driven-base/project/fukushima_factory/



Conclusion



- *Hydrogen is key technology for carbon neutral*
 - *Japan has been strongly promoting hydrogen*
- *Just started market penetration*
 - *need to enhance application, improve technology*
- *Our goal: Developing low-carbon energy system*
 - *scaling-up / integration with other energy system*



Thank you!